

# Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <a href="http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content">http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content</a>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

gious disease, supervise the department of health, and perform such other duties as may be assigned to him by council.

- Sec. 2. The health officer shall be paid \$2,000 per annum, payable in equal monthly installments, for his services.
- Sec. 3. The first health officer elected under this ordinance shall serve until the first Monday of January, 1915, or until his successor is elected, and thereafter the health officer shall be elected on the first Monday of January of each year to serve for the term of one year, or until his successor is elected.

# Sanitary Inspector-Appointment, Duties, and Salary. (Ord. Apr. 3, 1914.)

Section 1. The council shall elect a competent person who is a resident of the city as sanitary inspector, whose duty it shall be to inspect all premises, such as hotels, boarding and lodging houses, stores, cafés, restaurants, cellars, yards, slaughterhouses, etc., to serve all notices for the abatement of nuisances, to assist the health officer in the various duties assigned to him, to institute all prosecutions for the violation of rules of the department of health, and perform such other duties as may be assigned to him by the health officer or council.

- Sec. 2. The sanitary inspector shall be paid \$1,080 per annum, payable in equal monthly installments, for his services.
- Sec. 3. The first sanitary inspector elected under this ordinance shall serve until the first Monday of January, 1915, or until his successor is elected, and thereafter the sanitary inspector shall be elected on the first Monday of January of each year, to serve for one year, or until his successor is elected.

# Births, Deaths, and Marriages—Registrar of—Appointment, Duties, and Salary. (Ord. Apr. 3, 1914.)

Section 1. The council shall elect a competent person who is a resident of the city as registrar, whose duty it shall be to make records of all contagious and infectious diseases, record all births, deaths, and marriages in the city, have charge of the general accounts of the department of health, and to make such other records as it may be necessary to keep in the office of the department of health, and perform such other duties as council may assign to him.

- Sec. 2. The registrar shall be paid \$720 per annum, payable in equal monthly installments, for his services.
- Sec. 3. The first registrar elected under this ordinance shall serve until the first Monday of January, 1915, and thereafter the registrar shall be elected on the first Monday of January of each year, to serve one year, or until his successor is elected.

#### Quarantine Guards-Appointment and Duties. (Ord. Apr. 3, 1914.)

Section 1. The council shall elect one competent person who is a resident of the city as quarantine guard, whose duty it shall be to placard all houses in which there is a contagious disease, remove the quarantine, to fumigate all houses and places necessary to be fumigated under the rules and regulations of the department of health, to see that quarantine is not broken, and to assist the sanitary inspector in the performance of his duty when not otherwise engaged.

- Sec. 2. The quarantine guard shall be paid \$900 per annum, payable in equal monthly installments, for his services.
- Sec. 3. In case of an epidemic of any contagious disease or at any other time when it is necessary to have more than one quarantine guard, council shall elect one or more assistants to serve for such time as may be necessary, and to pay such assistants such salary per day as council may fix.

Sec. 4. The first regular quarantine guard elected under this ordinance shall serve until the first Monday of January, 1915, or until his successor is elected, and thereafter the regular quarantine guard shall be elected on the first Monday of January of each year, to serve for the term of one year or until his successor is elected.

# Nuisances. (Ord. 20, Mar. 17, 1914.)

Section 1. The term "board of health," as used in this ordinance, shall be construed to mean council. That whatever is dangerous to human life or health, whatever renders the air or food or water or other drink unwholesome, and whatever building, erection, or part of cellar thereof is overcowded, or not provided with adequate means of ingress or egress, or is not sufficiently supported, ventilated, sewered, drained, cleaned, or lighted, are declared to be nuisances and to be illegal, and every person having aided in creating or contributing to the same, or who may support, continue, or retain any of them shall be deemed guilty of a violation of this rule and also liable for the expense of the abatement and remedy thereof.

Sec. 2. The odor arising from phosphate, bone dust, or other fertilizers having a penetrating odor, being so offensive as to thereby make it injurious to the public health, the storing of the same within the city of Johnstown is hereby declared a public nuisance, illegal, and forbidden, except under the following conditions:

SEC. 2. Phosphate, bone dust, or other fertilizers having a penetrating or offensive odor shall not be stored in such sections of the city as are closely built up and thickly populated.

SEC. 4. Upon complaint to the health officer by any citizens living in the vicinity of a storage place of phosphate, bone dust, or other fertilizers that the odors arising from the same are offensive, it shall be the duty of the health officer to make an immediate examination of the storage place and vicinity, and if the odor arising from the same is offensive he shall declare it a nuisance and direct the removal of the phospate, bone dust, or other fertilizer within five days.

### Slaughterhouses—Sanitary Regulation. (Ord. 20, Mar. 17, 1914.)

Sec. 5. No person or persons, without the consent of the board of health. shall build or use any slaughterhouse within the limits of this city, and the keeping and slaughtering of all cattle, sheep, swine, and the preparation and keeping of all meat, fish, birds, or other animal food shall be in the manner best adapted to secure and continue their wholesomeness as food; and every butcher or other person owning, leasing, or occupying any place, room, or building wherein any cattle, sheep, or swine have been or are killed or dressed, and every person being the owner, lessee, or occupant of any room or stable wherein any animals are kept, or any market, public or private, shall cause such place. room or building, stable or market to be thoroughly cleansed and purified, and all offal, blood, fat, garbage, refuse, and unwholesome and offensive matter to be removed therefrom at least once in 24 hours after the use thereof for any of the purposes herein referred to, except from November 1 to April 1, when the same shall be removed at least twice in a week, and shall also at all times keep all woodwork, save floors and counters, in any building, place, or premises aforesaid, thoroughly painted or whitewashed, and the floors of such building, place or premises shall be so constructed of concrete or cement as to prevent blood or feul liquids or washings from settling in the earth beneath.

\* \* \*